

INTIMATIONS

BROWN, JONES & CO.
DEALERS IN
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE
AND HONGKONG GRANITE.

CEMETERY MEMORIALS.

Designs and Prices on application
Office, 47, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. (3704)

THE CHRONICLE AND DICTEOTRY
CHINA, JAPAN, COREA, INDO-CHINA,
SEATLS, NETHERLANDS, INDIA,
SIAM, PHILIPPINES, BORNEO, &c., &c.,
WITH WHICH ARE INCORPORATED
THE CHINA DIRECTORY

AND
THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY
AND HONG LIP FOR THE FAR EAST.
1897.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL ISSUE,
which will be found, as hitherto, more full and
accurate than its predecessor.

Royal Octavo Complete with Maps and Plans
pp. 1,240, 87. Directory only, pp. 872, \$3.50.



THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY

has again received FRESH SUPPLIES of

WHOLESMOME CONFECTIONERY

AND

DELICIOUS SWEETS

of the HIGHEST QUALITY and PURITY

All Varieties of

CADBURY'S SPECIAL CREAMES

PATE D'ABRICOT, JORDAN ALMONDS

PRALINES.

DESSERT-CHOCOLATES.

NOUGAT, FRUIT JELLIES,

ASSORTED TOFFEES.

MIXED BONBONS.

Ac. &c. &c.

FRENCH

CONFETIONERY and CONSERVES

in Large Assortment

from the LEADING PARISIAN HOUSES.

CHEISTMAS AND NEW
YEAR CARDS

A very choice selection from the best sources.

All of tasteful and novel designs.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Established A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 3rd December, 1897.

"dolphins of the Emperor of China, and whereas serious difficulty exists in distinguishing such British subjects from natives amenable to Chinese laws only, and accordingly great practical inconvenience, hence frequently results to the parties themselves and to the authorities of both countries." The Amoy case affords a forcible illustration of this practical inconvenience, and any useful suggestion for a remedy would be welcome. The requirement formulated by Sir Rutherford Alcock, that Chinese British subjects should change their dress, does not afford a remedy. It would be intolerable that the question of whether a man should be tortured and robbed in a Chinese prison should be made to depend entirely on the cut of his clothes. If a Hongkong Chinaman went up to Canton on business, wearing the clothes he is accustomed to, and were arrested by the native authorities with a view to his being squeezed, the British Government could not stand by and see the outrage carried out, whatever laws as to the man's dress might be in force. The objection of the Chinese to change their dress is, moreover, so strong that any law requiring them to do so must in practice remain a dead letter. Nor can failure to register at the Consulate always be held a sufficient reason for refusing to officially recognise Chinese British subjects. Regard must be had to the circumstances of each case, and as the Straits Times suggests, a distinction may be drawn between naturalized and born British subjects. One thing is clear, however, and that is that strong pressure should be brought to bear on Chinese British subjects to make them register, and although failure to register might in the case of a born subject not be deemed sufficient reason for abandoning him to the tender mercies of the mandarins, it would be reasonable to impose on him some very substantial penalty for such failure.

It is curious, however, to note the difference in the attitudes taken up on this question by Great Britain and other Powers. In Siam France endeavours to increase her influence by according her protection to almost any Asiatic who likes to ask for it and making it effective whenever any question arises with the native authorities, and she would no doubt pursue the same course in China were the circumstances equally favourable. If Kuan YONG had been a Saigon Chinaman and had appealed to the French Consul at Amoy his appeal, we imagine, would have been received in a very different manner than it has been by the British Consul and Minister. Going further from home we may note, too, how prompt Germany has been to assert her influence in Hayti on the strength of a case in which the son of a Haytian mother, who was claimed by the Haytian Government to be a native of the country, but who was inscribed at the German Legation as a German subject, was dealt with criminally by the local authorities. Germany demanded prompt reparation and made such a demonstration that her demands have been complied with. In that case the man was the son of a German father and the position taken up by Germany in the matter was no doubt correct. If England wished to embarrass China she would be equally correct in demanding reparation in the case of Kuan YONG, who, according to his Straits passport, is a British subject by birth and the son of British subjects. Whether there is any real justification for refusing to recognise him is a question on which judgment must be suspended until more is known of the facts of the case.

The CHINAMAN proposed the re-election of Mrs. May, Mrs. Foster, Miss Anderson, Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Master, and Mrs. Sibley on the Committee. Mr. THOMAS seconded. Carried. The CHINAMAN announced that the Committee consisted of the above-named ladies and Miss RITCHIE, Mrs. Hawkins, Mrs. Goodman, Mrs. Dovell, Mrs. Howell, and Mrs. Bell Irving. On the motion of the Chairman a hearty vote of thanks was passed to Miss Anderson for the time she had devoted as President of the Society, and to Mrs. Black and Mrs. Michaelson, who had retired from the Committee, for the great interest they had taken in the welfare of the Society. The CHINAMAN said: "I am sure that the application made in 1893, I think it was for the same site as the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it was for the same site, but I cannot recollect by whom it was made. Mr. D. E. Sisson, Mr. Bellies, and myself were appointed trustees by the Jewish community, and the site was given to us. The appointed trustee was the manager of the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. and it was understood that the managing partner of the firm should be appointed as one of the trustees. Up to that time Messrs. E. D. Sisson and Co. had been managing the affairs of the synagogue. I do not specifically remember if Mr. Bellies saw the plan, but they were laid on the table at the meeting of the 14th March. I was not at first in the room, but when I entered the room I saw a member of the Jewish community here, and I was concerned in the efforts made by Mr. J. S. Moore in 1891 to get a site for the new synagogue. I think the site was lot 1381. I also remember the application made in 1893. I think it

gave rise to Milton's famous sonnet and Cromwell's interference; but after the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes those living in French Savoy were again persecuted, and were finally driven to take refuge in Geneva. After the peace of Utrecht, Savoy became Piedmontese, and the Vaudois returned, receiving a subsidy from the French Government, but they had again been persecuted and Steve Vaudois French under Napoleon I. The subsequent history of the Waldensian Church is not, of course, a history of persecution; but it is remarkable that in its modest work it has never ceased to be noticed by English munificence and by the personal aid of Englishmen. The latest instance is what we record to-day—a gift of £1,000, which, of course, has had no influence on the little church, but which may be doubted, however, whether it is money will be able to restore the individuality of a body which, since the residence at Geneva, has brought its writings into close accord with Swiss Calvinism, and is essentially indistinguishable from other Calvinistic Churches.—*Times*.

THIS LAUNDYMAN A PRINCE.

Ashura, N. Y., 30th October.—For the last ten years Sam Hoop has washed and ironed and polished for the citizens of Auburn faithfully and industriously, and no one has suspected that he was being served by a prince of royal Chinese blood. Now, however, it appears that these ten years have been 10 years of exile, and according to a letter that has just arrived from the Secretary of the Chinese Legation at Washington, the prescription is at an end, and on his return to China all his titles, honours and possessions will be restored.

Sam's royal name is Yen Sia Tsoen, and his father was commander-in-chief of the Taiping rebellion which broke out in northern China in 1851 and continued fourteen years. Hung Sia Tsoen, his father, ruled the rebellions provinces, and was the chief general of Prince Tien Wang. Until his army was overcome and he was made prisoner and beheaded, Yen Sia Tsoen, then a baby, was taken into the Emperor's household, and became the companion of the present Emperor. He received many honours, and when he arrived at manhood was endowed with the yellow robe and peacock feathers.

While in the royal gardens with the present Emperor one day, Yen Sia Tsoen was taking a pencil, unperched him unseemly and tapped him on the shoulder. The heir to the throne of China was startled and the pencil slipped down his throat and stuck in his windpipe. The prince's life was in great danger, and was saved only through extraordinary measures by the court physician. For this Yen Sia Tsoen was banished.—*New York Journal*.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British steamer *Whampoa*, from Chittagong, 13th Dec., made strong N.E. winds and high waves, and clear weather throughout.

The British steamer *Taichien*, from Bangkok, 7th Dec., had strong N.E. winds, fine clear weather to Fulo; strong N.W. winds and heavy swell to Cape Palawan; strong gales with high sea, cloudy weather with rain to port.

The British steamer *Accrington*, from Tientsin, 8th Dec., had strong N.E. winds, fine clear weather to Ching-tung, strong N.W. winds and heavy swell to Saldan; northwesterly winds with high sea to Turnbank; N.E. wind strong, with very high sea to Breaker Point; from thence to port fresh northwesterly wind, dull cloudy weather.

EXPORT CARGOES.

Per steamer *Ulysses*, sailed on the 9th December, for London—100 bales waste silk, 300 bales hemp, 173 bales canes, 31 bales hammocks, 200 bales bristles, 24 cases cigars, 23 cases tobacco, 100 bales cotton, 200 cases preserved 45 bales, 100 bales 9 packages horn, 3 packages stockings, 11 packages sugar, 100 bales London and/or Manchester—40 bales waste silk. For Manchester—3 cases effects, 2 cases blackware, and 100 bales waste silk. For Liverpool—25 cases tea, 6 cases silk pieces, 1 case chinaware, and 1,600 bales hemp goods. For Glasgow—22 cases curion, 50 cases and 300 boxes of tobacco, 100 bales 125 bales feathers. For Amsterdam—3 cases pine oil. For Bremen—10 cases palm oil.

Per steamer *Cromarty*, sailed on the 13th December, for New York—650 packages firewood, 50 boxes galutins, 50 cases bristles, 10 cases human hair, 12 bales galutin, 50 bales bamboo splits, 41 packages gingko, 35 packages camphor, 168 packages merchandise.

Per steamer *Ulysses*, sailed on the 16th December, for Manila—100 bales waste silk, 200 cases and 128 boxes tea (10,928 lbs.). For France—518 bales raw silk, 100 bales waste silk, and 91 cases silk pieces goods. For Miln—30 bales raw silk.

The Blood is the source from which our systems are built up, and from which we derive our strength; and the physical and spiritual life of the body is dissolved by the body of disease. Substances from Senna, Epsom, Red Lead, Skin and Blood Diuretic, and Soves of any kind are solicited to give Clive's world-famed Blood Mixture a trial to test its value. Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it. Sold everywhere at 2d. per bottle. Powers of worthless imitations and substitutes.—*1028*

THE GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 31st day of DECEMBER, 1897, the whole of the remaining 200 MORTGAGE DEBENTURES, portion of the 500 MORTGAGE DEBENTURES issued on the 31st day of January, 1896, will be redeemed, and the amounts due thereon paid off to the holders thereof respectively.

SHEWAN, TOME & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 30th November, 1897.—*1270*

CARROLLINUM AVENARIUS USED OVER 20 YEARS.

Thoroughly reliable preservative for Wood and Stone against White Ants, Decay, Fungus Rot, and Dampproof.

Sole Agents for China, LUTGENS, EINSTMANN & CO., Hongkong, 31st August, 1897.—*1269*

XMAS ALBUM, 1897.

6 PIECES BY LOCAL COMPOSERS.

SONG, "LISTEN SWEET ONE" (ORANGE). GAVOTTE MODERNE (WALD). WALTZ, "MA PREMIERE ROMANCE" (BENJAMIN). BARN DANCE, "FLIET AND FLORIC" (RICHARD). "FAN TAN" KAZURKA AND "EASTERN WEDDING MARCH" (PRICE, 75 CENTS (LIMITED NUMBER OF COPIES ONLY)). W. ROBINSON & CO.—*1273*

DR. KNORR'S ANTIPIRINE. Patented "LION BRAND." In Powders and Capsules, also Drops of Senna, easily soluble in Water, Wine, etc.

FEVER, RHUMATIC & NEURALGIC AFFECTIONS. NERVOUS AFFECTIONS.

ARGONIN. (Bromo-Argonin Tannate.) SOLUBLE CASEIN-SILVER PREPARATION.

Used in Gonorrhoea in 1 to 2 per cent. solution, dose similar to gentianic acid, but is distinguished by complete absence of irritating properties.

It is requested that the directions on the boxes for making solutions shall be implicitly followed.

CHINA EXPORT, IMPORT & BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

BROADWOOD PIANOS.

NEW MODELS.

MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

LAW. CRAWFORD & CO.

(1) 2124

18th December, 1897.

